













Privacy Protections in Selected Federal Benefits Programs

UPDATED Feb 25, 2025

Immigration Status Requirements: Nonapplicants

Medicaid

States may only require an applicant to provide the information necessary to make an eligibility determination.²

• States may not require nonapplicants to disclose their citizenship or immigration status and may not deny benefits because a nonapplicant fails to disclose this information.³

Social Security Number (SSN) Requirements: Nonapplicants

- Medicaid must accept applications filed by nonapplicant adults.⁴
- A state agency may but is not required to request a nonapplicant's SSN, but only if (1) providing an SSN is voluntary; (2) the SSN is used only to determine applicant's eligibility for Medicaid or another insurance affordability program; and (3) the agency provides clear notice that provision of the nonapplicant's SSN is voluntary and provides information about how the SSN will be used.5

Social Security Number (SSN) Requirements: Applicants¹

- States may only require applicants to provide information necessary to make an eligibility determination or for a purpose directly connected to administering the state plan.⁶
- SSNs are generally required of Medicaid applicants.⁷
- If an applicant cannot recall his or her SSN or an SSN has not been issued, the agency must assist the applicant in applying for an SSN and may not deny or delay benefits.⁸
- If an applicant is not eligible for an SSN, is eligible only for a nonwork SSN, or has a

Limitations on Use of Information about Benefit Applicants or Recipients

- States must restrict disclosure to purposes directly connected with administration of the Medicaid program.¹¹
- Purposes directly related to Medicaid administration are defined to include: establishing eligibility, determining the amount of medical assistance, providing services or conducting or assisting an investigation, prosecution or civil or criminal proceeding related to administration of the state Medicaid plan.¹²
- Information that states must safeguard includes: names and addresses, any information received for verifying income eligibility and the amount of medical assistance payments, agency evaluation of personal information, social and economic conditions or circumstances, and SSN.¹³
- The Medicaid agency must have specific criteria for releasing information about applicants and beneficiaries, including restricting access to agencies that are subject to standards of

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			well- established religious objection to obtaining an SSN, the state may use a Medicaid identification number to determine eligibility.9 Individuals seeking Medicaid for emergency services only do not need to provide an SSN and are not required to provide information about their immigration status or have their status verified.10	 confidentiality comparable to Medicaid's standards.¹⁴ Releasing information to a federal immigration agency regarding receipt of Medicaid benefits is <i>not</i> connected to the administration of the state plan.¹⁵ U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement confirmed that it does not use information obtained from applicants for health coverage under the ACA, Medicaid, or CHIP for purposes of civil immigration enforcement.¹⁶ Allows Medicaid to share information with other related programs, such as to verify children's eligibility for school breakfast and lunch.
Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP)	 States must reduce administrative barriers to applying for the program.¹⁷ States that use Medicaid application and renewal forms and the Medicaid eligibility verification process are deemed to comply with the CHIP statute.¹⁸ Medicaid rules regarding the provision and use of nonapplicant information apply to separate CHIP programs and Medicaid 	 nonapplicants to provide an SSN.²⁰ States must reduce administrative barriers to applying for the program.²¹ States that use Medicaid application and renewal forms and the Medicaid eligibility verification process are deemed to comply with the CHIP statute.²² Medicaid rules regarding the provision and use of 	 States must reduce administrative barriers to applying for the program.²⁴ States that use Medicaid application and renewal forms and the Medicaid eligibility verification process are deemed to comply with the CHIP statute.²⁵ 	 CHIP is required to comply with Medicaid's privacy protections (see above). This applies whether a state has a separate CHIP program or a Medicaid-expansion CHIP program, or a combination of the two.²⁶ ICE does not use information provided by individuals when applying for health coverage as the basis for pursuing immigration enforcement against applicants or their household members.²⁷

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	expansion programs. ¹⁹	Medicaid expansion programs. ²³		
Affordable Care Act Marketplace	Applicants for the marketplace or insurance premium tax credits or cost-sharing reductions shall only be required to provide the information strictly necessary to authenticate identity, determine eligibility, and determine the amount of the credit or reduction applying for the marketplace. ²⁸	Generally, nonapplicant household members should not be required to provide an SSN. However, if a nonapplicant is the tax filer for the year that tax data is used to verify household income and family size, and has an SSN, the nonapplicant must provide it. 30	 People applying for coverage in the marketplace must provide only the information strictly necessary to authenticate identity and to determine eligibility for the marketplace and the amount of advance premium tax credits and cost-sharing reductions for which they may be eligible.³¹ The marketplace may require applicants to provide an SSN only if they have one.³² 	more stringent than data-sharing requirements of the Medicaid program. ³⁵
	The marketplace regulations generally prohibit requests for the citizenship or immigration status of individuals who are not seeking coverage for themselves, on either an application or a supplemental			 Any marketplace agreements with nonmarketplace entities, such as contractors, must require them to comply with the marketplace privacy rules. Individuals who knowingly and willfully use or disclose information in violation of the Affordable Care Act may be liable for civil monetary penalties of up to \$25,000.³⁶ ICE does not use information provided by individuals when applying for health coverage as the basis for pursuing immigration enforcement against applicants or their household members.³⁷

application or a supplemental form.²⁹

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Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP)	If a household member indicates an inability or unwillingness to provide documentation of immigration status, the state agency must classify that person as ineligible and the state agency must not continue efforts to obtain documentation.	 (and does not wish to app generally will determine his However, state agencies in otherwise eligible househouther household members SSN.³⁹ While states are generally immigration status of any does not wish to have the 	old members simply because is fail to provide or apply for an arrequired to verify the applicant, if a household member ir status verified, the state sehold the option to withdraw its	 The SNAP laws generally prohibit the use or disclosure of information obtained from applicants.⁴¹ However, SNAP allows disclosures to: (1) people directly connect to administering and enforcing SNAP; (2) the comptroller general of the U.S. for audit and examination authorized under law; (3) a state or local law enforcement investigation of violation of SNAP laws or regulations; or (4) the federal government for purposes of collecting the amount of an over-issuance of benefits. SNAP law also allows the disclosure of an address, SSN, and photograph (if available) of a household member to a federal state or local law enforcement officer if the household member is fleeing to avoid prosecution or custody or confinement after committing a felony or is violating a condition of probation or parole under federal or state law or if a family member has information necessary for an officer to locate this household member.⁴² Requires reporting in very narrow circumstances if the agency "knows" that an immigrant is not lawfully present.⁴³
Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children (WIC)	Information about immigration status is not required for mothers, children, or infants to enroll in WIC. ⁴⁴	 WIC. However, a state mulestablish identity, residence and, where applicable, pre If an applicant does not have 	ave proof of residency or identity, ust require applicants to confirm	 WIC regulations limit what the state agency may disclose and to whom. The rules restrict access to "confidential applicant and participant information" to people directly connected with administration or enforcement of the WIC program whom the state agency determines have a need to know the information for WIC program purposes.⁴⁷ "Confidential applicant and participant information" is defined as any information about an applicant or participant as a result of a WIC application, certification or participation that individually identifies an applicant or participant and/or family members. There are also specific rules for responding to a search warrant that limit

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				 to the greatest extent possible access to the confidential information.⁴⁸ A WIC state or local agency may use confidential participant information in the administration of other programs that serve people eligible for WIC and for reporting child abuse and neglect.⁴⁹ If applicants sign a voluntary release form, WIC may share information with health care providers.⁵⁰
National School Lunch Program	Immigration status is not an eligibility factor for free or reduced price lunches or school breakfast. ⁵¹	 Many children can receive free or school meals without an application, du to data matching with SNAP, TANF or Medicaid⁵², or community eligibility provision that allows all enrolled students to receive free meals.⁵³ 	an eligibility factor for free e or reduced price lunches or school breakfast. ⁵⁵	 Limits disclosure of any information obtained from either an application for free or reduced-price meals or information obtained from SNAP, FDPIR, TANF, Medicaid, school breakfast, or a similar income-based program to purposes related to the administration of school meals (and related programs) or an alleged fraud investigation.⁵⁶
		When an application is needed, an adult household member must sign it. Adults signing the application must either enter the last four digits of their SSN or state that they do not have one. Households that provide a SNAP, TANF, or Food Distribution Program on Indian Reservations (FDPIR) case number on the application do not need to provide the last four digits of their SSN or	a	 Administration of the program includes verification of eligibility (which may be done by a third-party contractor) for school meals and other nutrition, education, and health programs.⁵⁷ A person who violates the program rules by disclosing information may be subject to a criminal penalty.⁵⁸

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		state that they do not have one. ⁵⁴	Э	
HUD-subsidized housing (public housing, Housing Choice Vouchers, Section 8 project-based housing, Section 236 housing, Rent Supplement housing, HODAG housing, and Section 235 homeownership)	the family's housing to provide their imm security number. ⁶⁰ is a U.S. citizen or h status, the housing p	to do not want to be included in benefit allotment, do not need igration status ⁵⁹ or social As long as one family member as an eligible immigration provider may not deny mily and the family can still benefit. ⁶¹	•	 Public housing authorities and owners may release evidence of eligible immigration status to HUD, as required by HUD. However, HUD can only release such information "to the INS for purposes of establishing eligibility for financial assistance and not for any other purpose." 63 Public housing authorities and owners may release evidence of eligible immigration status "to the INS for purposes of verification of the immigration status of the individual" only. 64
Summer EBT (SunBucks)	Immigration status is not an eligibility factor for Summer EBT. ⁶⁵	filled out an application for receipt of SNAP, TANF, Me homeless, migrant, runawa. States participating in Sum children are enrolled in school of these pathways. The redemonstrate that the hous Q&A, FNS clarified that stawith the Free and Reduced.	free or reduced-price school mean edicaid, FDPIR or because they heave, or participating in Head Start. For mer EBT must make applications the neal-participant schools and egulations state "the required information ehold does, or does not, meet the lates may request the last four digital	s for the program available to households whose who have not been determined eligible based on one mation must be limited to what is required to eligibility criteria for summer EBT benefits." ⁶⁷ In a its of a SSN on a Summer EBT application (to align but it must be clearly marked as optional, and
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)	 Follows the Tri-Agency Guidance regarding questions about immigration status and SSN for nonapplicants.⁶⁹ Eligibility and benefits generally 	been issued, in which case apply for an SSN. ⁷¹ • The state agency may not	heir SSN unless an SSN has not e a state must help the applicant deny, delay or discontinue TANF suance or verification of an	that they will take such reasonable steps as the state deems necessary to restrict the use and disclosures of information about individuals and

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	are based on the circumstances of the family unit; states are not required to obtain an SSN or the immigration status of a nonapplicant. When applying for TANF, the family unit may state that the nonapplicant is ineligible for TANF without providing information about the nonapplicant's immigration status. • States have flexibility in TANF either to treat a			for his or own use is not lawfully present in the U.S. ⁷⁴
Child Care and	family member who is not applying for TANF for him/her/their self as a nonapplicant and/or to allow the person to be excluded from the TANF family by using TANF "child only" rules.70	States are prohibited from	n requiring SSNs as a condition of	 Lead agencies are required to certify in the Child
Development Fund (CCDF)– funded Child Care ⁷⁵	funded by CCDF, only the child's immigration or citizenship status is relevant for eligibility	 eligibility for CCDF-funder States are permitted to reform, but the form must m 		Care and Development Fund (CCDF) Plan that they have policies to govern the use and disclosure of confidential and personally-identifiable information about children and families receiving CCDF-funded assistance and child care. Regulations also highlight the

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	determinations, and administering agencies may not request information about a parent's citizenship or immigration status (Note the exception for child care subject to public educational or Head Start standards below). ⁷⁶ Nonprofit child care agencies are not required to verify immigration status; it is the role of the lead agency to do so. ⁷⁷	to the failure of the applic SSNs are intended to be preserve confidentiality. A identifying number to the instead of an SSN. ⁷⁹	"eligibility will not be denied due ant to provide a [SSN];" how used; and how the state will gencies may assign a unique family unit receiving assistance ders are not required to verify ead agency to do so.80	importance of personal information not being used for purposes outside of the administration or enforcement of CCDF.81		
TANF-funded Child Care	• Eligibility for child care funded by TANF is generally based on eligibility of the parent. Eligibility rules for TANF and TANF-related child care vary from state to state. See TANF section, above.					
Head Start and	Children may be eligible regardless of their immigration status.					
Early Head Start	Children are eligible for Head Start and Early Head Start without providing information about their own or a parent's immigration or citizenship status. Head Start Child Care Partnerships also follow these rules.					
		utory definition in Title IV of P		se non–post-secondary education benefits were roviders are not required to implement PRWORA's		

NOTES

³¹ Affordable Care Act § 1411(g)(1), codified at 42 USC § 18081(g)(1).

³³ Affordable Care Act §1411(q)(2), codified at 42 USC § 18081(q)(2).

32 45 CFR § 155.310(a)(3)(i).

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1 In some programs, eligible applicants who are not eligible for an SSN can apply for a nonwork SSN in order to receive the benefits or services. See Social Security Administration, Program Operations
Manual, RM 10211.610 Valid Reasons to Assign and SSN for Nonwork Purposes, https://secure.ssa.gov/apps10/poms.nsf/lnx/0110211610.
<sup>2</sup> 42 CFR § 435.907(e)(1). The preamble to the final rule on Medicaid Program Eligibility, at page 17164, notes that states may not request information regarding a nonapplicant's citizenship or immigration
status. Medicaid Program; Eligibility Changes Under the Affordable Care Act of 2010, Final Rule, Federal Register, Vol. 77, No. 57 (March 23, 2012).
<sup>3</sup> Letter from HHS & USDA to State Health and Welfare Officials, "Policy Guidance Regarding Inquiries into Citizenship, Immigration Status and Social Security Numbers in
State Applications for Medicaid, State Children's Health Insurance Program, Temporary Assistance for Needy Families, and Food Stamp Benefits," https://www.medicald.gov/Federal-Policy-
Guidance/downloads/sho092100.pdf; U.S. Dept. of Health & Human Services, "Policy Guidance Regarding Inquiries into Citizenship, Immigration Status, and Social Security Numbers in State Applications
for Medicaid, State Children's Health Insurance Program (SCHIP), Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) and Food Stamp Benefit, Questions and Answers,"
https://www.hhs.gov/sites/default/files/triagencyg%26as.pdf. The preamble to the final rule on Medicaid Program Eligibility, at page 17165, incorporates this tri-agency guidance into the final rule by
reference, Medicaid Program: Eligibility Changes Under the Affordable Care Act of 2010, Final Rule, Federal Register, Vol. 77, No. 57 (March 23, 2012).
4 42 CFR § 435.907(a).
<sup>5</sup> 42 CFR §§ 435.907(e)(2), 435.907(e)(3); and 435.910(e)(3).
6 42 CFR § 435.907(e)(1).
7 42 CFR § 435.910(a).
8 42 CFR § 435.910(b)-(f)
<sup>9</sup> 42 CFR § 435.910(h).
10 42 U.S.C § 1320b-7(f).
<sup>11</sup> 42 USC § 1396a(a)(7) and 42 USC § 1320b-7(a)(5).
12 42 CFR § 431.302.
13 42 CFR § 431.305.
14 42 CFR § 431.306.
15 Letter from Sally Richardson, Center for Medicaid and State Operations, to State Medicaid Directors (Dec. 17, 1997) (on file with the National Immigration Law Center).
16 U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement, "Clarification of Existing Practices Related to Certain Health Care Information" (Oct. 25, 2013), https://www.ice.gov/doclib/ero-outreach/pdf/ice-aca-
memo.pdf.
<sup>17</sup> 42 USC § 1397 bb (b)(4)(A).
18 42 USC § 1397 bb (b)(4)(B).
19 42 CFR § 457.340 (b).
<sup>20</sup> 42 CFR § 457.320(b)(4), 42 CFR § 457.301.
<sup>21</sup> 42 USC § 1397 bb (b)(4)(A).
<sup>22</sup> 42 USC § 1397 bb (b)(4)(B).
<sup>23</sup> 42 CFR § 457.340 (b).
24 42 USC § 1397 bb (b)(4)(A).
<sup>25</sup> 42 USC § 1397 bb (b)(4)(B).
<sup>26</sup> 42 CFR § 457.1110.
<sup>27</sup> U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE), "Clarification of Existing Practices Related to Certain Health Care Information" (Oct. 25, 2013), https://www.ice.gov/doclib/ero-outreach/pdf/ice-aca-
memo.pdf.
<sup>28</sup> Affordable Care Act § 1411(g)(1), codified at 42 USC § 18081(g)(1).
<sup>29</sup> 45 CFR § 155.310(a)(2).
30 45 CFR § 155.305(f)(6).
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<sup>34</sup> 45 CFR § 155,260(a). The definition of personally identifiable information is provided at 45 CFR § 1305.
35 45 CFR § 155.260 (e)(3).
36 45 CFR § 155.260 (e)(3).
<sup>37</sup> U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE), "Clarification of Existing Practices Related to Certain Health Care Information" (Oct. 25, 2013), https://www.ice.gov/doclib/ero-outreach/pdf/ice-aca-
memo.pdf.
38 7 CFR § 273.4(b)(2).
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- 39 Memorandum from U.S. Dept. of Agriculture, "SNAP Conforming to the Tri-Agency Guidance through Online Applications" (Feb. 18, 2011), https://www.fns.usda.gov/sites/default/files/Tri-Agency Guidance Memo-021811.pdf; U.S. Dept. of Agriculture, "Eligibility Manual for School Meals: Determining and Verifying Eligibility" (July 18, 2017), https://fnsprod.azureedge.us/sites/default/files/cn/SP36_CACFP15_SFSP11-2017a1.pdf; and U.S. Dept. of Health & Human Service, "Policy Guidance, Questions and Answers." www.hhs.gov/sites/default/files/triagencyg%26as.pdf.
- ⁴⁰ 7 CFR § 273.2(f)(1)(ii)(A).
- 41 7 USC § 2020(e)(8).
- 42 7 USC § 2020(e)(8). In New Jersey the term "felony" is not used. The state uses "high misdemeanor" instead, https://law.justia.com/codes/new-jersey/title-2c/section-2c-1-4/
- 43 7 CFR § 273.4(b)(1); 65 Fed. Reg. 58301 (Sep. 28, 2000). "Knowing" is defined as a person seeking SNAP for the person's own use; there is a formal finding of fact or conclusion of law that the immigrant is unlawfully present (a SAVE response showing no record of an individual does not meet this standard of "knowing"); and a DHS determination of unlawful presence (such as a final order of deportation). 7 CFR § 273.4(b)(2), 65 Fed. Reg. 58301 (Sep. 28, 2000).
- 44 "Making Sure WIC's Doors Stay Open to All Eligible Moms and Young Children" (May 12, 2017), https://www.nwica.org/blog/making-sure-wics-doors-stay-open-to-all-eligiblemoms-and-youngchildren#.WR2nYhMrLFw.
- ⁴⁵ 7 CFR § 246.7.
- ⁴⁶ 7 CFR § 246.7(c)(2)(i).
- ⁴⁷ 7 CFR § 246.26(d)(1)(ii).
- 48 7 CFR § 246.26(d)(1)(i).
- 49 7 CFR § 246.26(d).
- 50 7 CFR § 246.26(d)(4).
- ⁵¹ 42 USC § 1758(b)(9).
- ⁵² Data-matching is allowed with SNAP, TANF, FDPIR and, in some states, Medicaid, as well as for children who are certified for free meals without an application because they are homeless, migrant. runaway, enrolled in Head Start, or are in foster care. See Madeleine Levin and Zoë Neuberger, Improving Direct Certification Will Help More Low-Income Children Receive School Meals (Center on Budget and Policy Priorities and Food Research & Action Center, July 25, 2014), https://www.cbpp.org/research/improving-direct-certification-will-help-more-low-income-children-receive-school-meals 53 Under the Healthy Hunger Free Kids Act of 2010, the highest poverty schools and school districts may provide school meals to all enrolled students without actually collecting or having parents sign household applications. Instead, schools are reimbursed using a formula based on the percentage of students certified for free meals without an application. "Community Eligibility Provision" (Food and Nutrition Service, U.S. Dept. of Agriculture webpage), https://www.fns.usda.gov/cn/cep.
- ⁵⁴ 42 USC § 1758(d)(1); 7 CFR § 245.6(a)(6).
- 55 42 USC § 1758(b)(9).
- ⁵⁶ 42 USC § 1758(b)(3)(F); 42 USC § 1758(b)(6); 7 CFR § 245.6(f). The specific rules about disclosures, what information may be shared, and whether consent is needed can be found at U.S. Dept. of Agriculture. "Food and Nutrition Services Eligibility Manual for School Meals: Determining and Verifying Eligibility (July 18, 2017), https://fnsprod.azureedge.us/sites/default/files/cn/SP36 CACFP15 SFSP11-2017a1.pdf."
- 57 7 CFR § 245.6(f).
- 58 42 USC § 1758(b)(6)(C).
- ⁵⁹ 24 C.F.R. § 5.508 (a).
- 60 24 CFR § 5.216(a); ; Notice PIH 2018-24, Verification of Social Security Numbers, Social Security and Supplemental Security Income Benefits; and Effective Use of the Enterprise Income Verification System's Identity Verification Report.
- 61 24 C.F.R. § 5.516.
- ⁶² HUD. Public Housing Occupancy Guidebook, "Eligibility Determination and Denial of Assistance" 13 (June 2022). https://www.hud.gov/sites/dfiles/PIH/documents/PHOG Eligibility Det Denial Assistance.pdf.
- 63 24 C.F.R. 5.508 (d)(2)(i), (d)(3).
- 64 24 C.F.R. 5.508 (d)(2)(ii).
- 65 7 § CFR 292.6

- ⁶⁶ Food and Nutrition Service, USDA, "Summer EBT Eligibility & Certification Flowcharts and Program Timeline," updated January 14, 2025, https://www.fns.usda.gov/sebt/implementing-agency/eligibility-certification-timeline
- 67 7 CFR § 292.13(c).
- 68 Food and Nutrition Service, USDA, "Summer EBT Questions and Answers," updated December 2024, https://fns-prod.azureedge.us/sebt/questions-answers, Question 30.
- ⁶⁹ Tri-Agency Letter: "Policy Guidance Regarding Inquiries into Citizenship, Immigration Status and Social Security Numbers in State Applications for Medicaid, State Children's Health Insurance Program (SCHIP), Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) and Food Stamp Benefits," https://www.hhs.gov/civil-rights/for-individuals/specialtopics/needy-families/triagency-letter/index.html; U.S. Dept. of Health & Human Service. "Policy Guidance. Questions and Answers." https://www.hhs.gov/sites/default/files/triagencyg%26as.pdf.
- ⁷⁰ U.S. Dept. of Health & Human Service, "Policy Guidance, Questions and Answers" www.hhs.gov/sites/default/files/triagencyq%26as.pdf. Wisconsin is the only state that requires adults to have an eligible immigration status for a child to receive TANF. See Welfare Info, "Wisconsin Works (W-2) Benefits," http://www.welfareinfo.org/benefits/wisconsin-works-w-2-1684. See also Welfare Rules Database, Table I.D.4, Treatment of Income of Parents Excluded from the Assistance Unit Due to Immigrant Status, July 2022, Urban Institute, https://wrd.urban.org/policy-tables.
- 71 45 CFR § 205.52(a) and (b).
- 72 45 CFR § 205.52(c).
- 73 42 USC § 602(a)(1)(iv).
- ⁷⁴ 42 USC § 608(g). The "knowing" standard is met only if all three of the following conditions exist: 1) the immigrant is seeking TANF for the person's own use; 2) the state agency has made is a formal finding of fact or conclusion of law that the immigrant is unlawfully present (a SAVE response showing no record of an individual does *not* meet this standard of "knowing"); and 3) and a DHS determination of unlawful presence (such as a final order of removal) supports the agency's finding. 65 Fed. Reg. 58301 (Sep. 28, 2000).
- ⁷⁵ Hannah Matthews, "Immigrant Eligibility for Federal Child Care and Early Education Programs" (Center for Law and Social Policy, April 2017), <a href="http://www.clasp.org/resourcesand-publications/publication
- ⁷⁶ 45 CFR § 98.20(c); U.S. Dept. of Health and Human Services, "Clarification of Interpretation of 'Federal Public Benefit' Regarding CCDF Services, Office of Child Care," . https://www.acf.hhs.gov/occ/policy-guidance/clarification-interpretation-federal-public-benefit-regarding-ccdf-services
- ⁷⁷ U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Clarification of Interpretation of "Federal Public Benefit" Regarding CCDF Services, Program Instruction: ACYF-PI-CC-98-08, . https://www.acf.hhs.gov/occ/policy-guidance/clarification-interpretation-federal-public-benefit-regarding-ccdf-services
- ⁷⁸ U.S. Dept. of Health and Human Services, "Clarification of Interpretation of 'Federal Public Benefit' Regarding CCDF Services, Office of Child Care," . https://www.acf.hhs.gov/occ/policy-quidance/clarification-interpretation-federal-public-benefit-regarding-ccdf-services
- ⁷⁹ U.S. Dept. of Health and Human Services, Program Instruction" ACYF=PI-CC-00-04, "Clarifying Policy Regarding Limits on Use of Social Security Numbers under the CCDF" (Office of Child Care, Administration for Children and Families, Oct. 27, 2000), https://www.acf.hhs.gov/occ/resource/pi-cc-00-04. The preamble to the 2016 final rule on Child Care and Development Fund Programs, at page 67532, states that it has amended language at section 98.71(a)(14) by deleting the requirement to provide Social Security numbers (SSNs) and instead requiring a unique identifying number that will allow Lead Agencies and ACF to identify unique families over time in the absence of the SSN. The preamble states, "Pursuant to the Privacy Act (5 USC § 552a note), Lead Agencies may not require families to disclose SSNs as a condition of receiving CCDF services." Child Care and Development Fund Program, Final Rule, Federal Register, Vol. 81, No 190 (Sep. 30, 2016), https://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/FR-2016-09-30/pdf/2016-22986.pdf This provision was not changed in the 2024 CCDF final rule.
- ⁸⁰ U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Clarification of Interpretation of "Federal Public Benefit" Regarding CCDF Services, Program Instruction: ACYF-PI-CC-98-08, . https://www.acf.hhs.gov/occ/policy-guidance/clarification-interpretation-federal-public-benefit-regarding-ccdf-services
- ⁸¹ Child Care and Development Fund Program, Final Rule, Federal Register, Vol. 81, No. 190 § 98.15(b)(13), Sep. 30, 2016, https://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/FR-2016-09-30/pdf/201622986.pdf. See also preamble to the final rule at page 67452 (Sept. 30, 2016), https://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/FR-2016-09-30/pdf/2016-22986.pdf. See also preamble to the final rule at page 67452 (Sept. 30, 2016), https://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/FR-2016-09-30/pdf/2016-22986.pdf.
- ⁸² U.S. Dept. of Health and Human Services, "Clarification of Interpretation of 'Federal Public Benefit' Regarding CCDF Services, Office of Child Care," https://www.acf.hhs.gov/occ/policy-guidance/clarification-interpretation-federal-public-benefit-regarding-ccdf-services.